

## DIRECTIONAL RELAY - RESISTANCE RELAY MATHEMATICIAN DUALISM

**B.R.Yuldashev**

Andijan machine-building institute, Teacher, Uzbekistan

**Keywords:** Directional relay, distance protection, adaptive relaying, fault current modulation, comparator, Phase comparison, Mho relay.

**Abstract:** The proposed method calculates the phase angle of faulted loop current by determining the pure-fault impedance of the renewable plant at every instant following fault detection, irrespective of the control scheme associated with the plant. Utilizing the information, it calculates the line impedance up to fault point accurately. Comparative assessment with the conventional distance relaying technique reveals its superiority.

### Directional relay :

**Phase comparison :** Directional relay , basically , between U and I phase relationships comparative phase is a comparator and the relay operates in the position of  $-90^\circ \leq \theta \leq 90^\circ$  . In the case of a static directional relay, the inputs  $U_{va}$  IZR and the characteristic are as follows

$$Z Z_R \cos (\varphi - \theta) \geq 0$$

Here , Z is the fault resistance to the ratio of U and I equal ,  $Z_R$  - in the relay extract resistance ,  $\varphi$ - phase angle between U and I and  $\theta$ - relay characteristic angle.

Z and  $Z_R$  are zero equal to to be possible it's not .

$$\cos (\varphi - \theta) \geq 0 \text{ or } \varphi - \theta = \pm \pi/2$$

### Amplitude comparison :

Amplitude comparison for the following inputs will be -

$$V + I Z_R \text{ and } V - I Z_R$$

Relay performance for -

$$|V + I Z_R| > |V - I Z_R|$$

$$\text{or } |Z + Z_R| > |Z - Z_R|$$

and never how operation failure to perform for the following condition to be need :

$$|Z + Z_R| < |Z - Z_R|$$

### ii. Resistance relay :

**Amplitude comparison :** Contrast relay by nature amplitude is a comparator and inputs are I  $Z_R$  and U .

Relay performance for -

$$|I Z_R| > |U|$$

$$\text{or } |Z| < |Z_R|$$

$$\text{or } R + jX < Z_R$$

Resistance (RX) diagram according to circle equation is the case  $R + jX = Z_R$  for .

1.12 (a)- in the picture as shown , the radius is  $Z_R$  equal to has been circle and start at the point center , resistance relay characteristic is considered

**Phase comparison :** Inputs  $(V + I Z_R)$  and  $(V - I Z_R)$ . Characteristic 1.12 (b)- in the picture given .

Apparently since the radius of  $Z_R$  is  $Z_R$  circle circle across lying down there are two magnitude  $(Z + Z_R)$  and  $(Z - Z_R) \pm 90^\circ$  angle harvest does \_ This is in Figure 1.12(a). as shown , one different characteristic will give .

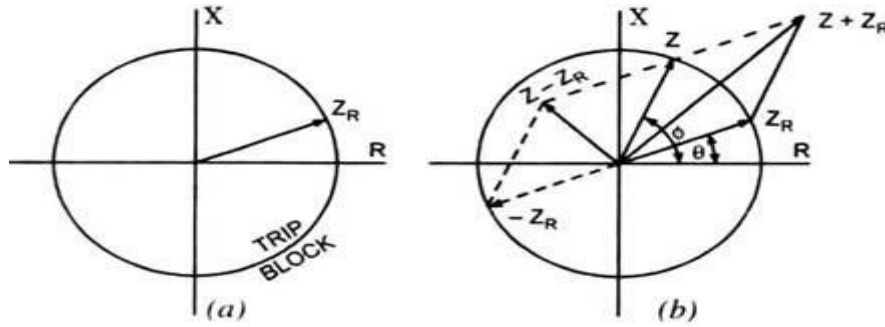


Figure 1.12. Resistance relay characteristic .

**iii. Angle resistance relay :**

**Amplitude comparison :**

Two access quantity  $(2IZR - U)$  and  $U$  and relay performance for -

$$|2IZR - U| > |U|$$

$$\text{or } |2ZR - Z| > |Z|$$

The characteristic is shown in Fig. 1.13 (a).

**Phase comparison :**

Two access quantity  $(IZR - U)$  and  $IZR$  and place performance for  $(ZR - Z)$  and between  $ZR$  phase angle within  $\pm 90^\circ$  to be need. Apparently because the normal to  $ZR$  of the characteristic is right line. If the  $Z$  line under is located if, between  $(ZR - Z)$  and  $Z$  angle within  $\pm 90^\circ$  limits lies ( Fig. 1.13 -(b) ).

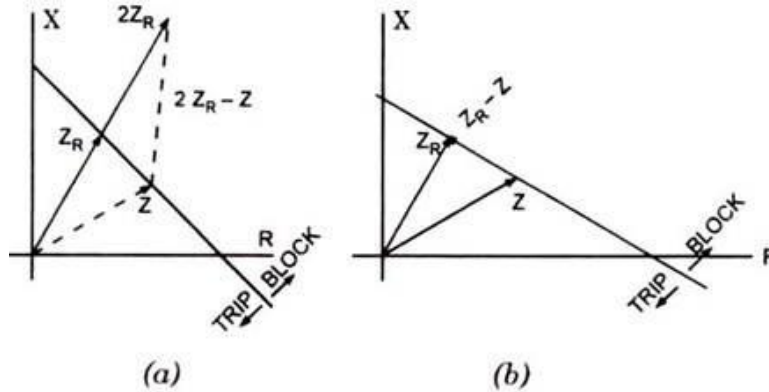


Figure 1.13. Angle resistant relay characteristic .

**iv. Reactive relay :**

**Amplitude comparison :** This is a relay corner of resistance to himself special status being, then of resistance reactive component is measured and therefore because of relay performance for

$$|2Xr - Z| > |Z|$$

Two input is  $U$  and  $(2IZR - 2IRr - U)$ , that is  $RR$  to  $ZR$  resistance on the ground is equalized, therefore because of only his reactive component  $XR$  remains.

**Phase comparison :** Two input  $IZR$  and  $(IZR - U)$  angle resistance relay such as. When it is below the  $Z$  characteristic, i.e.  $(\Psi + \theta) < 180^\circ$ , it turns off the relay. For  $Z$  to be purely reactive,  $r$  is  $90^\circ$  under boundary conditions, and in the  $RX$  diagram  $Z \sin \phi$ ,  $X_{Rif}$ , is less than, the relay will trip.

**c. Mho or corner access relay :**

This is the corner resistance relay is the opposite. Two relay of each other is dual. resistance in the diagram one kind of equation permission in the diagram another kind of to Eq suitable will come and vice versa. Mho or access relay for characteristic on the  $GB$  diagram from the beginning right line shift, in the  $RX$  diagram while from the coordinate passing circle will be

**Amplitude comparison :** Two input -  $|IZR|$  and  $|2U - IZR|$ .

Relay performance for -

$$|2U - IZR| < |IZR|$$

$$\text{or } |2Z - ZR| < |ZR|$$

The characteristic is shown in Figure 1.14 . Relay Z fault resistance to  $Z_R$  diameter have has been circle inside when located works \_

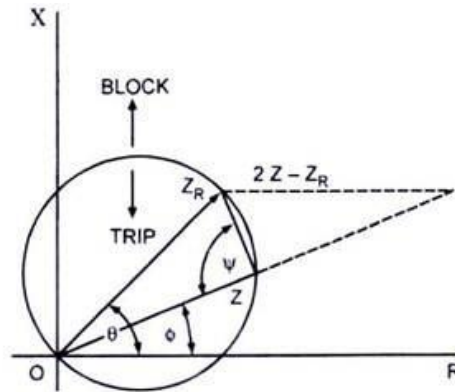


Figure 1.14. Mho relay characteristic .

Steps comparison : Two input -  $|IZR - U|$  and  $H_e$  and relay they are between phase angle from  $90^\circ$  less , that is , it works when  $90^\circ > \Psi > -90^\circ$ .

Mho relay by nature directional relay that it was due to , phases comparison more convenient is a construction .

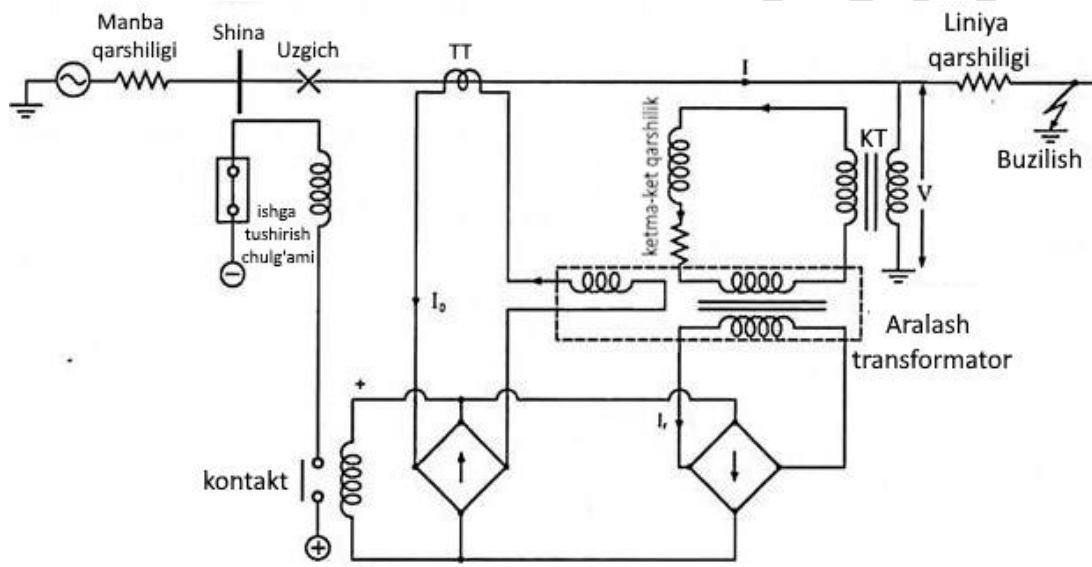


Figure 1.15. Mho relay comparator .

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